The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY MARCH 31, 1902 XL—NO 1

NO RAIN IN PERU.

The Climate Healthy and Very Dry.

THE DEW FALLS IN WINTER.

Henry Schumaker, Employed by the Diamond Match Company, of Barberton, Gives The Independent an Interesting Interview Concerning His Recent Experiences in South America.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schumaker reached Massillon Thursday on their way from Callao, Peru, to Barberton, where Mr. Schumaker will report after a two years' stay in South America, and are at the home of Mrs. Schumaker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Doxsee, in Prospect street. Mr. Schumaker has been in Calloa since June, 1900, acting as foreman in the box department and instructing the native Peruvians in the match business.

In speaking of the peculiarities of the country Mr. Schumaker said: "While the country is healthy it is very dry. It never rains and the vegetables and fruits grown are watered entirely by irrigation. The land being very level, it is possible to build irrigating canals which will water immense tracts of land and in this way it is possible to raise many vegetables and fruits. Among the fruits grown are olives and figs, which are raised in large quantities. Callao, where we were located, is a seaport of about 50,000 inhabitants, most of whom are Spaniards. The buildings are of the old Mexican design, built of adobe, or sun burned brick, which, from a distance, very much resembles our brown stone. The roof is made by covering boards to a depth of six inches with soil. It is not necessary to provide against a wet season as it never rains, and this soil roofing in a great measure keeps out the heat. The thermometer seldom reached the 90 degree mark and as seldom fell as low as 75, even in the winter time. About the only difference noticeable between winter and summer weather is in the fall of dew during the winter nights. During the summer no such fall occurs."

In speaking of the many interesting sights to be seen in this country Mr. Schumaker said: "About the most beautiful scenery in the neighborhood of Callao is that along the route of the Oroyo railroad. This line was built by an American named Henry Meigs, and has its course through the mountainous district running back to the interior as far as Oroyo. At one point the railroad reaches an altitude of 15,650 feet, which is the greatest height ever attained by a railway system, and called Mt. Meigs, in honor of the builder of the railroad." Mr. Schumaker says that the scene from this point is one of the grandest to be found in the world and that many travelers take the trip solely for this view.

Among the relics brought back by Mr. Schumaker is what is called by the Peruvians, a Vicuna rug. This rug is made from the furs of a small mountain animal by that name, and is a very valuable and useful ornament. Mr. Schumaker also secured a selection of bows and arrows from an Indian tribe of the interior called the Chuncas. Mr. and Mrs. Schumaker will leave Monday for Barberton, where Mr. Schumaker will report for duty to the Match Company and will probably be sent out on a similar excursion immediately, as the company is building branches in Chile and many other foreign countries.

WORK AMONG PERSIANS.

Missionary Shabaz Writes of Progress.

The Rev. Baba Shabaz, the Persian missionary now working among his own people, has written an interesting letter to the Rev. L. H. Burry, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, with whom he spent a week last summer. The letter comes from Sooldooz, Persia, and in the course of it Mr. Shabaz says:

"I would like to tell your Sunday school children about an Armenian boy whom I have come to love. A little more than three weeks ago a boy came to me from one of the most bigoted and superstitious villages on this plain, and asked me for an Armenian bible. I asked him whether he could read. He said yes, the priest had taught him to read, but there were no books in their village except the bible, which no one was allowed to open except the priest himself, and he only to read from it on some special occasion in the ancient Armenian, that no one could understand. I gave him a large bible. Some time after the boy called again, and told me that his relatives were trying to take the bible away from him to destroy it. But he said, with a beaming face, that he had prepared a chest, with lock and key, for his bible, and held up the key to show that his bible was safe."

BACK TO THE ARMY.

Charles Laughlin Will Re-Enlist.

EDWARD CONKLIN GOES ALSO.

Private John Meinhart Expected to Arrive in the City Shortly—Bonk and Dulabahn to Receive Their Discharges Soon—Other Notes of Soldiers and Soldiering.

Charles Laughlin, who recently returned from the Philippines, where he served three years in the United States army, has re-enlisted, and will leave Massillon Sunday for Cleveland, where he will be assigned to his company and regiment. Edward Conklin says he will accompany Laughlin. Conklin had taken the preliminary examination at Canton. Conklin, who is a hostler and horse trainer, wants to be given a place in the cavalry.

Louis Claus, whose return The Independent mentioned several days ago, has donned his civilian dress for good. He has secured employment in a molding works at Canton. Claus says that he would not exchange his experience of the past three years for $10,000, but that money would be no inducement to seek more of it.

John Meinhart, jr., is expected to arrive in he city shortly. He was discharged from the army at the same time as Claus and the other Massillon boys, but remained in San Francisco. Otto Bonk and Corporal Albert Dulabahn are still in the service, but are expected to return within a few months. Claus says they were both well when he left.

"The idol of the men in the ranks in our army," said Claus, today, "is Funston. I used to see him often. He is the shining example that all the privates have before them, because a few years ago he was one of them himself."

OBITUARY.

GEORGE SONNHALTER.

George Sonnhalter, 44 years of age, formerly of this city, died at St. Alexis hospital, Cleveland, Friday morning. Mr. Sonnhalter is a brother to William, Henry, Jacob and John Sonnhalter, Mrs. Charles Warth, and Mrs. Thomas Volkmor, of this city. Mr. Sonnhalter's death was due to an accident which befell him about two years ago, in which his hip was crushed. He has been gradually failing ever since and for the last four weeks has been in St. Alexis hospital. The body will be brought to Massillon Monday and funeral services held at St. Joseph's Catholic church Monday morning.

MRS. WASHINGTON JOHNSTON.

Howard E. Lucas has been informed of the death of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Washington Johnston, which occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. D. Stewart, in Akron, on Thursday afternoon. The late Mrs. Johnston was 59 years of age. She had been ill four months of an internal trouble. Three daughters and three sons survive her. Mrs. Johnston was the adopted daughter of Mrs. Martha Irvin, a wealthy Akron woman. Her daughter, Mrs. Howard Lucas, of this city, has been in Akron for the past week. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2:30 p.m.

MRS. WILLIAM WALTERS.

Massillon relatives of Mrs. William Walters, of Cleveland, Friday morning, received news of her death. Mrs. Walters was about 37 years of age. She was formerly Miss Dora Richeimer, of this city, a sister of A. J. Richeimer. She is survived by three children. Interment will probably be made in Massillon.

THE BOERS AGAIN ESCAPE.

Break Through Lord Kitchener's Cordon.

Pretoria, March 29.—About 1,500 Boers under Delarey, Liebonborg, Kemp and Wolmarans, were within the area of Lord Kitchener's latest movement, but though surprised by the rapidity displayed by the British troops, gaps in the latter's lines enabled most of the Burghers to escape. The Boer prisoners totaled 179 men.

THE BEAL BILL PASSES SENATE.

Both Sides Claim a Victory.

THE VOTE WAS UNANIMOUS.

Saloonists Responsible for the Withdrawal of the Royer Amendment — Local Option Provisions of the New Law Require Petition of Forty Per Cent. of Voters.

Columbus, March 28.—By a unanimous vote, the Senate yesterday passed the Beal local option bill, after the Harding amendment, permitting manufacturers in a dry town to sell their goods in wholesale quantities to bona fide retailers and persons living outside of the municipality, had been inserted. The House is expected to concur without objection to the bill in its amended form.

The bill as it finally passed the Senate is a compromise measure, and both the anti-saloon and the liquor interests declare themselves well satisfied with it. It is the first case in the history of temperance legislation that both sides have been pleased with the result. As passed the bill provides that any municipality can be made "dry" when forty per cent of the qualified electors have signed a petition to bring that result about. It provides that violators of the Sunday closing law shall be fined not more than $200 or imprisoned for a limited number of days on the first or other offenses alike. It has the Harding amendment permitting breweries and distilleries in "dry" towns to continue operations.

When introduced the Bell bill contained a provision for ward local option which its advocates were compelled to abandon This was incorporated in a separate bill, which is buried somewhere in committee, and which has no chance of being passed by this legislature. This abandonment of the ward feature was concession number one.

The present law makes imprisonment of saloonkeepers who violate the Sunday closing law mandatory and provides a minimum fine of $25. The imprisonment feature has been made optional, and in the shuffle the minimum fine has disappeared, so that the liquor men point out that a police judge can inflict a fine as low as thirty cents if he desires. And the saloon men say that the Harding amendment will work out as well for practical purposes as the Royer amendment, which allowed the manufacturer to sell to private families. At the last minute the Royer amendment was dropped.

A big lobby of saloonists was responsible for the withdrawal of Mr. Royer's amendment, which sought to give brewers in "dry" municipalities the right to sell direct to any consumer in quantities of one gallon or more at a time. The incorporation of the amendment in the law would have resulted in this—that the brewers would have done the business which the retailers are accustomed to do, and the saloon keepers didn't desire the precedent established.

FURNACEMEN STRIKE.

Fifty Thousand Men Will be Involved.

Youngstown, March 29.—At a meeting of the executive board of the National Association of Blast Furnace Workers last night it was decided unanimously that notices should be sent to all blast furnace operators on April 5 demanding an eight-hour day at present scale of wages, to take effect May 1. President McMahon says the association has the assurance of the employes of the United States Steel Corporation of support in the movement. There are 50,000 workers in the union.

DEATH OF KIEHL.

Mine Inspector Makes an Investigation.

District Mine Inspector W. H. Miller was in the city Saturday. Mr. Miller states that his examination of the Eureka mine, and the circumstances connected with the death of Ferdinand Kiehl, of Canal Fulton, recently, shows that Kiehl was troubled with heart disease, and that death was brought on by over-exertion, and was not caused by the smoke, as was intimated by brothers of the deceased.

Mr. Miller's examination was made at the same time as the coroner's.

CHRISTMAS REPUDIATED.

Was Not a Representative of Danish Government.

Copenhagen, March 29.—The Christmas scandal is not discussed here, nor are the facts in the case published in Copenhagen, although a full account of Congressman Richardson's statements in congress was telegraphed to the semi-official news agency in this city. Denmark, however, has heard from both Capt. Walter Christmas and Niel S. Gron, who also has claimed to have acted as a Danish agent in negotiating the sale of the Danish West Indies.

Each claimed a commission, but the government has refused to recognize neither of them, declaring that neither was ever connected with the negotiations in the slightest degree. A newspaper referred to the controversy during the latter part of February, but did not take Gron or Christmas seriously. Gron started for America soon afterward.

A FLAG FOR OHIO.

Bill Has Been Passed by the House.

DEPOSIT OF TOWNSHIP FUNDS.

Municipalities Will be Benefited by Interest on Money in the Banks, While Treasurers Will Receive but Two Per Cent.—McKinley Monument at Columbus.

Columbus, March 29—Stage's bill providing for the disposition of the funds of hamlets and townships and providing compensation for the local treasurers passed the House. It provides for the deposit of the hamlet or township money in a bank, the municipality to receive the benefit of the interest. The bank is required to give a good indemnity bond. The treasurer is allowed two per cent on all money passing through his hands, but the total amount he may receive in a year is limited to $1,500. No provision has heretofore been made to enable municipalities to benefit from the deposit of their funds It has been customary to allow the treasurer to deposit them and to collect interest himself. Between interest and his fees the position came to be worth, in hamlets close to large cities, a salary all out of proportion to the importance of the office. Stage's bill remedies this.

The bill introduced by McKinnon to provide Ohio with a state flag was made half a law by the House. The state flag authorized in this bill was designed by Architect John Eisenman, of Cleveland. The plan for a state flag originated at the Buffalo exposition, when it seemed desirable to fly some kind of a state emblem over the Ohio building. This suggestion also emanated from Eisenman, who designed the Ohio building at the fair. The flag he designed and which the House voted to adopt has three red and two white horizontal bars with a triangular blue field decorated with white stars. On this field the letter O is marked out in white, with a red field in its center.

The Senate has adopted Mr. Wirt's joint resolution, granting the citizens of Columbus the right to occupy sufficient space near the High street entrance to the capitol grounds upon which to erect the proposed memorial to the late President McKinley. The memorial will cost $20,000.

Cain's bill looking toward a more careful collection of the Dow tax was amended by the taxation committee so that "regular drug stores" are eliminated from the list of places whose government retail lines may be used as evidence of their violation of the Dow tax.

BREWERS' STRIKE ENDED.

Old Men Will be Taken Back by Employers.

Cincinnati, March 29.—The indication are that the lockout of the brewery workmen of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport will be declared off. The contending labor organizations all agree to abide by the decision of President Gompers as rendered last night in favor of autonomy of the brotherhoods of engineers and firemen, and also criticising strongly the action of the engineers and firemen, as well as the United Brewery Workmen. Negotiations are now pending with the proprietors of the breweries, who insist on taking care of the new men recently employed.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

JEWS BARRED FROM RUSSIA.

American Passports Are Not Honored.

INVESTIGATION IS REQUESTED.

The House Passes Two Hundred and Fifteen Private Pension Bills on Friday—House Ways and Means Committee Agreed on Cuban Reciprocity

Washington, March 29.—Representative Goldfoggle, of New York, yesterday introduced the following resolution in the House: "Resolved, That the secretary of state be and he is hereby directed to inform this House whether American citizens of Jewish religious faith, holding passports, issued by this government, are barred or excluded from entering the territory of the empire of Russia, and whether the Russian government has made or is making any discrimination between citizens of the United States, or different religious faith persuasion, visiting or attempting to visit Russia, provided with American passports; and whether the Russian government has made regulations restricting or specially applying to American citizens, whether native or naturalized, of the Jewish religious denomination, holding United States passports, and if so, to report the facts in relation thereto, and what action, concerning such exclusion, discrimination or restriction, if any, has been taken by any department of the government of the United States."

The House spent yesterday passing private pension bills. In all 215 were passed. With one exception this is the record for the number of such bills passed at a single session. The President's policy with regard to the veto of bills to remove the charge of desertion from the records of soldiers came in for considerable discussion during the day. Early in the session a number of minor bills were passed The sundry civil appropriation bill was reported, and Mr. Cannon gave notice that he would call it up on Monday.

The President today sent to the House the correspondence bearing upon General Miles's request to be assigned to the Philippines with ten associates from Cuba and Puerto Rico; also, Secretary Root's letter disapproving and severely criticising the proposition, and other papers which caused a sensation in congressional circles. Roosevelt also submits his strong approval of Secretary Root's letter.

It is announced that the House ways and means committee has agreed on Cuban reciprocity.

HANNA DENIES IT.

Is Not a Candidate for the Presidency.

Tomah, Wis., March 29.—Senator Hanna has written a letter to C. W. Croty, of this city, stating that he is in no sense a candidate for the Presidency in 1904, and requesting his friends to discourage any movement to that end. Mr. Croty wrote to the senator some days ago, and received the following autograph reply:

I have just received your letter of the 19th inst., and wish to assure you of my thorough appreciation of the high compliment paid me in your suggestion in reference to the nomination for 1904. I am grateful for such friendship and confidence, and will say in reply that I am not in any sense a candidate, and trust my friends will discourage any movement looking toward that end. I thank you for your courtesy.

A POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Thieves at Eagle Mills Were This Time Successful.

Troy, N. Y., March 29.—The postoffice burglars who attempted a week ago to break into the safe in the office at Eagle Mills, Rensselair county, were successful Thursday night. They forced the door of the safe and Post master Mullen this morning reports that stamps and money are missing. There is no trace of the burglars.

On the first occasion the visitors were frightened away, after they had drilled two holes in the safe, by the barking of dogs.

The postal inspector who examined the safe was of the opinion that the former job was the work of experts. Last night's robbery is supposed to have been done by the same persons

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

FLOODS IN THE SOUTH.

Rivers Overflow and Damage is Enormous.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 29.—Terrific storms have been raging for the past twenty-four hours throughout Tennessee, Kentucky and Georgia. Cloud bursts are reported from various points, wires are down, railway bridges gone and miles of track washed away. At Murfreesboro a cyclone caused a heavy property loss.

Harriman, Tenn.—The town is almost swept away by floods. Damage, half a million. Several lives reported lost.

Pineville, Ky.—The Cumberland is in great flood, and immense damage throughout the valley. The reservoir near Middlesboro has broken and will put Pineville under ten feet of water.

Middlesboro, Ky.—The Cumberland and other streams are raging. All stores except three here are filled with water. All people over the Rhine and in Mingo hollow have moved. Railways have lost tracks and bridges.

A GREAT STRIKE IS IMMINENT.

A Special Meeting of the Miners' Officials Called.

STRIKE WILL INVOLVE 175,000.

The Situation in Pennsylvania Causes Much Anxiety — If Virginia Operators Refuse to Hold a Joint Conference the Miners Will be Ordered Out.

Indianapolis, March 29.—President Mitchell and Secretary Wilson have issued a call for a meeting of the national executive committee of the United Mine Workers of America, to be held in this city on Monday, April 7. While the object of the meeting was not stated in the call it is said the board will consider both the anthracite situation in Pennsylvania and the situation in the soft coal fields of Virginia and West Virginia, where strikes involving upward of 175,000 miners are imminent

The call was the result of a conference held over the long distance telephone between President Mitchell at Shamokin and Secretary Wilson at Altoona, Pa., before Mr. Wilson left Altoona for this city Thursday. In this conference, it is understood, both officials expressed the opinion that the situation in the East, involving vast interests both to the miners and operators, demanded the consideration of the executive board.

Mr. Wilson declined to give any opinion as to the outcome of the differences between the Pennsylvania anthracite miners and the operators, which are now largely in the hands of the National Civic Federation. He admitted that the situation is serious. In view of the agreement made at New York Thursday by President Mitchell and his associates with the committee of the National Civic Federation, not to issue the strike order on April 1, as was decreed at the Shamokin convention, in the hope of effecting a settlement of the differences, the calling together of the National Mine Workers' executive board makes it certain that the strike will not be called for at least ten days. Under this agreement the order to strike can be ordered at any time after April 1, and the calling together of the executive board indicates that the mine workers' officials mean to consider thoroughly the situation before taking any action.

President Mitchell will attend the meeting of the executive board, of which both he and Secretary Wilson are members ex-officio. Secretary Wilson was asked as to the situation in the Virginias, where it has been admitted by the mine workers' officials themselves that a strike of nearly 35,000 men is likely to be called soon, and said: "We are making some progress, but as yet the situation remains practically unchanged. We are probably no nearer an understanding than before. As to what has been done I cannot, of course, say. This matter will also be taken up by the executive board. The advisability of calling a strike in Virginia and West Virginia has been put entirely in the hands of the Mine Workers' board. A final demand is to be made upon the operators for a conference and if refused the strike is to be called."

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

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THE INDEPENDENT

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LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON No 286

MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1902

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CITY.

For Mayor.
E. G. WILLISON.

For Councilmen.
First Ward—C. C. MILLER.
Second Ward—H. F. GADDIS.
Second Ward, Unexpired Term—HARRY WAITE.
Third Ward—JOHN E JOHNS.
Fourth Ward—L. L. VOLKMOR

For Assessors.
First Ward—C. H. WISEMAN.
Second Ward—JOHN ROUSH.
Third Ward—HARRY GRISWOLD.
Fourth Ward— ———

Board of Education.
W. B. HUMBERGER.

TOWNSHIP.

For Trustee.
MICHAEL ELSASS.
For Clerk.
J. J. KLOTZ.
For Justice of the Peace.
R. A. PINN.
For Ditch Supervisor.
R. C. FOLTZ.
For Assessors
Massillon Prec't H. A. BAILEY.
Richville Prec't—E. A. RICE

America sells nearly three times as much as she buys; Germany buys $250,000,000 worth more every year than she sells, while Great Britain last year actually bought twice as much as she sold.

A woman belonging to London's smart set has inserted a novel advertisement in the Times. She has loaned a volume, a valuable work on Napoleon. What is worse, she has forgotten what friend was the borrower. To solve the problem she advertises for the return of the book. The idea is not a bad one. The amiable book borrower with a poor memory needs prodding. So does the amiable umbrella borrower.

Acting Governor Wright, who has just returned to Manila after making a tour through the Southern islands of the Philippine group, reports further favorable conditions in the archipelago. Taxes were being collected, numerous public improvements had been made, the schools were popular with the natives and a slight epidemic of cholera was under control. Depressing accounts of Philippine affairs these days come only from over zealous champions of the Filippino in this country who don't know what they are talking about.

In his weekly financial review Henry Clews invites attention to the Fowler currency bill, recently reported by the committee on currency and banking. It provides a banking currency based upon assets, amply protected and supervised ,and capable of automatic expansion and contraction according to demands. "With such a system in force," says Mr. Clews, "we should be protected against the extremes of redundancy and contraction and all the evils attendant on such conditions. At present we are at certain periods in danger of excessive ease in money, which promotes dangerous speculation; with a suitable currency system in existence such danger would be reduced to a minimum."

The National Civic Federation has again demonstrated its efficiency and proved the importance of having a board of arbitration and conciliation to which disputes between employers and employes can be referred. The mine workers in the Pennsylvania anthracite field decided at their last convention at Shamokin to strike. At a conference arranged in New York by the National Civic Federation of mine workers and mine owners a settlement of differences was effected. It all goes to show that strikes can be settled before they are precipitated just as well as afterward if it is possible to bring the two interests together. The saving to capital, to general business and of suffering to innocent women and children is immeasurable.

In the aggregate wealth and the individual resources of the people of the United States, in enlarged foreign markets for American goods and cereals, in building operations, in the extension of railroad mileage, in bank clearances and all items of commerce, there has been an enormous increase in the United States in the past six years, but in no other respect perhaps has the country's growth in wealth been so conspicuously shown as the increase in the number of savings bank depositors and of their aggregate deposits. Five years ago there were 5,200,000 savings bank depositors in the United States; now there are 6,400,000, an increase of 1,200,000, or at the rate of nearly a quarter of a million a year. Five years ago the amount on deposit in the savings banks of the United States was $1,940,000,000; it is now $2,640,000,000, an increase of $700,000,000 in five years, or at the rate of $140,000,000 a year.

WILL BUY THE PLANT

A Big Deal on Foot in Canton.

TELEPHONE PLANT INVOLVED.

Board of Trade and Business Men Have an Option on the Property of the Stark County Telephone Company — Price Named is $250,000.

Canton, March 29.—There is a movement on foot among members of the Canton board of trade, Business Men's Association, grocers, butchers and others for the purchase of the Stark County Telephone Company's plan. Several meetings have been held in the offices of Charles A. Daugherty, president of the board of trade, and the proposition has now assumed definite shape. It is understood that a committee of the board of trade consisting of Messrs. W. A. Lynch, H. B. Stewart and A. M. McCarty have secured an option on the Canton exchange for $250,000. This committee visited Cleveland recently and since their return a number of secret meetings have been held. The plan of the promoters of the scheme is to sell as much stock as possible among telephone subscribers. It is estimated that by selling shares of preferred stock bearing 6 per cent interest at $100 each and presenting each subscriber with a share of equal value of common stock that dividends of 12 per cent would accrue and the rental of 'phones to that extent reduced to the subscribers holding stock. In case the entire amount cannot be raised by subscription it is proposed to bond the plant for the balance. The plan is looked upon on all sides as feasible, particularly in the face of the fact that the Bell people have raised rentals, and on Monday morning subscribtion lists will be prepared.

A REPUTATION

How it was Made and Retained in Massillon.

A good reputation is not easily earned, and it was only by hard consistent work among our citizens that Doan's Kidney Pills won their way to the proud distinction attained in this locality. The public endorsement of scores of Massillon residents has rendered invaluable service to the community. Read what this citizen says:

Mr. E. E. Shedd, general foreman of the W. & L. E. railroad at Columbia, says: "The jolt and jar of the engine for eleven years when I was on the road may have been the primary cause of my kidney complaint. Whether or not, one thing is certain, it greatly aggravated the trouble when attacks existed. Now I know of a great many railroad engineers who have used Doan's Kidney Pills and there are others who continually suffer with their kidneys; to them or any other resident of Massillon I wish to emphatically state the following: Backache will cease if you go to Baitzly's drug store, procure Doan's Kidney Pills and take a course of the treatment."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	76
Loose hay, per ton	$9 00-10
Bailed hay	10 11
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	65
Oats	40 42
Clover Seed	5 00-5 50
Bran	1 15
Middlings	1 15
Salt, per barrel	$1 00
Timothy Seed	2 00
Rye, per bu	56
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	18-20
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	70 80
Apples	1 25
Cabbage, doz	40
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	18 22
Eggs (fresh)	14
Live Spring Chickens, per lb	07
Chickens, dressed per lb	10-12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11

FOR TEN YEARS MORE.

No Change in Arrangement of the Congressional Districts.

MUNICIPAL CODE HANDICAPPED.

The Beal Local Option Bill, Aggreeable to Both Saloon and Anti-Saloon People, Practically Becomes a Law In Ohio.

Columbus, O., March 29.—[Special.]—A somewhat wide reaching and decidedly effectual bill has been prepared and presented by Senator Longworth of Cincinnati. The bill is to abolish at one time and the same way all city annual boards of equalization, and put in as their substitutes boards of review. These latter boards would supplant not only the annual, but likewise the decennial boards of equalization, and leave them not a plank upon which to stand. The method by which it is to be brought about is unique, and suggestive at least of a long and thorough study of the subject. Upon the request of the auditor of any county the state board of appraisers, composed of the governor, auditor of state, treasurer of state and the attorney general, would be authorized to appoint a board of review of three members for any city now having a board of equalization, located within the county. The only qualification would be that they are residents of the municipality for which selected. Members of this reviewing board would be well paid for their services, receiving $250 a month each for the time in session, and there would be nothing to hinder them from holding a continuous performance. They could appoint as many clerks as desired, up to six, together with six messengers, and fix the salaries of all. The auditor of the county would act as secretary of the board and be paid the not small salary of $5 per day, in addition to his regular income as an official. The bill offers two objections, which are pertinent, and which have been urged against it. There would be given opportunity through the party controlling the state board of appraisers to secure control of the board of review of every city in the state where boards were to be appointed, and the local boards, having within themselves the power of appointing clerks and messengers, could create powerful local political machines. Thus an organization could be affected with the fountainhead in the state house, and having ramification in nearly every city. These two things are weakening the effect of the plan, and will lead to its defeat.

* * *

While final action on the matter of redistricting will not be taken before next week, it is certain that no change in the present districts will be made. The senate has already shown its desire to leave matters as they are by concurring in the Patterson bill, which provides for another ten years of the districts in the form they now have. This action of the senate has been endorsed at a caucus of the Republican members of the house, and by an overwhelming vote. It has been found, however, that the Patterson bill omitted to name as a part of the Twentieth district three townships in Cuyahoga county, which are now a portion of the district, and which it was intended to include. This inadvertent omission will form the basis for a fight on the floor of the house. The Republican house caucus endorsed the Patterson bill in its original form and bound the members to vote for it. The friends of redistricting bill are willing to abide by this, while claim that if passed without amendment it will be without effect, while if amended it becomes a new law, and therefore releases them from their agreement. While perhaps this contention is not without reason, it will not prevail, since they lack the votes. The committee on federal relations has reported the bill back without recommendation, thus leaving the matter of amendments to be fought out in open debate. When the revenue comes up for final action the amendment putting in the three Cuyahoga townships will be introduced and adopted. The advocates of change will follow this with other amendments, each asking for the wishes of his own local constituency, but all will be defeated by the combination of the Democrats, and those Republicans who wish to leave the districts as they are. The bill will then go back to the senate for approval in its amended form, and will receive it and become a law. There is no hope for a change in the congressional districts by this legislature.

* * *

Although the municipal code bill has been reported back favorably by the house committee, it is not a matter of certainty that it will pass. Indeed, the hands all point the other way. The bill as it came back had some of the teeth drawn which bit the sharpest and created the most opposition, but it still is the subject of the most violent criticism. Before the debate opens or a vote on it is taken, the solid delegations from Hamilton and Cuyahoga counties, together with the representatives of many of the smaller counties, openly declare their opposition and announce that all the eloquence which can be brought to bear will not change them. Starting off with this handicap—one hard to overcome—the difficult road it has to travel can be seen without a strain on the eyes. The objections arise from many sources, but are chiefly based upon two things. One of these is, and the one raised by the representatives from Hamilton and Cuyahoga counties, which include the great cities of Cleveland and Cincinnati, that the bill would in a great measure reorganize and revolutionize their mode of government, which is now not objectionable to any great degree, and force them to adopt something for which there is neither need nor demand. A very potent objection from Cuyahoga county is the fact that Mayor Johnson himself is strenuously opposed to the bill. The other objection, which comes from the representatives of the smaller towns, is that it would compel them to take as their mode of government the federal plan, with its directors and different boards, for which they can have no possible use, and which simply place upon them an increased burden of unnecessary expense. This combination of opposition means 40 votes against it at the start, and it needs but 56 to work its defeat. There seems little doubt that the extra 16 can be secured.

* * *

The Beal municipal local option bill, too, is practically a law, having passed the senate in almost the form in which it went through the house. The wording was changed, but the effect not destroyed. It now comes back to the house in order that these minor amendments may be concurred in, and this will be quickly done. The bill provides that in all municipalities where 40 per cent of the qualfied voters petition the council to vote on the question of abolishing the saloon the council shall order an election within 30 days. The petition shall be open for inspection during the 30 days it rests in the council's hands. If, at the election the town goes dry, the penalty for selling or giving away intoxicating liquors is placed at a fine of from $50 to $300 for the first offense, $100 to $500 for the second offense, and a fine of not less than $200 and imprisonment from 10 to 60 days for subsequent offenses. Retail druggists are exempted from the provisions of the act if they sell for purely medicinal purposes, or for pharmaceutical, scientific, mechanical or sacramental purposes. If sold for medicinal purposes, however, it must be on the prescription of a recognized M. D., and the prescription can not be repeated. A further provision is that a manufacturer in a "dry" town may continue to make liquor, but can not sell it within the municipality. It does not, however, prohibit outside manufacturers from shipping into a dry town and selling at wholesale, which is construed to mean in quantities of a gallon or more, provided the sale is completed outside the municipality. After a town votes it can not vote again for two years. Sunday violators who keep open on that day are to be dealt harshly with. For the first offense a fine of from $25 to $100 is imposed. For subsequent offenses a fine of not less than $200 and a jail sentence of from 10 to 30 days, optional with the judge, is to be imposed. Hearings on the matter of Sunday closing can be had before police judges without a jury. Both the liquor and anti-liquor people profess to be satisfied. The former because it is less vigorous than they had expected and the latter because it is the best they could get, and is regarded as a step in advance.

What has been an agitated question for a number of years may become a law during the present session. That is the placing of electric roads under the supervision of the commissioner of railroads, and giving him the same power over them that he now exercises over steam lines. The rapid growth of electric roads in the state within the past few years paralleling in mileage to a large degree the steam lines, makes it imperative that they should in a greater degree come under state control as a means of protection to the public and themselves, and that they may be made amenable to all the laws governing grade crossings, interlockers, eac. The idea is not a new one. Railroad Commissioner Kirkby began the agitation several years ago, and it has been continued since. If brought about the electric roads would pay $3,000 a year to assist in the support of the railroad commissioner's department.

* * *

Both branches of the legislature have passed and thus made into a law a bill purposed to relieve foreign surety companies doing business in Ohio from the necessity of depositing $30,000 with the state treasurer. This was done not so much to encourage these companies to come into the state as to help Ohio companies which desire to conduct operations in other states. At present Indiana, Pennsylvania and several other commonwealths have passed retaliating laws. "If our companies must pay to do business over in your state, then yours must pay to come here. This has proven a handicap, and in justice to local concerns and upon the promises of other states that upon the repeal of the law here it would be repealed with them the action was taken.

* * *

Adjournment talk still continues, but no action has been taken. A resolution to stop on April 14 is in the senate. It will perhaps pass there but the house will not agree. More likely than anything else is a compromise on April 21 or about April 24. There are those industrious ones who would like to wait until May 5, but that is too long, and the members are growing weary.

GEORGE U. MARVIN.

MUCH HURT TO BUSINESS.

Closing of Five Mines Affects Many Towns.

MASSILLON SUFFERS MOST.

Canal Fulton, West Brookfield, Dalton and Elton Some of the Others — Mines Never Worked Steadily in the Summer, but Usually Afforded Men a Living.

The closing of five of the Massillon Mining Company's mines is making dead towns out of several lively villages. Canal Fulton, next to Massillon, suffers most, two of its mines, the Oakwood and the Burkholder, being of the five. The Burkholder, northwest of Fulton, has worked steadily during the past half year, and, the vein being of fair height, the men have made good wages. The Oakwood mine is on the Conrad farm, south of Fulton.

The Gise mine, west of the city, one of the newest and largest in the district, affects Dalton and other towns of that vicinity. This is the only mine in the district in which mining machines are used. The mining scale for this mine has not yet been made. A conference between the operators and the state officers of the miners' organization will be held next week. The operators say there need be no hurry, as there will be plenty of time in which to make the scale before operations are resumed.

What was formerly the Warwick No. 2 mine hurts Brookfield business by closing down. The other mine that is closed is in the vicinity of Elton.

Massillon will suffer greatly, for all the men thrown out of employment did more or less of their trading here. There is comfort in the thought, however, that the suspension will only last till July 31. The mines never were operated steadily in the summer, but they usually afforded the men a living.

NOT TILL MAY 1.

State Representative C. W. Metzger, who has returned from Columbus to spend Sunday, says that the legislature will be unable to adjourn before May 1, notwithstanding the announced intention of members of the Senate to have April 14 fixed as the date. "We simply cannot complete our work before May 1," said Metzger. "The appropriation bills have not been passed, and we cannot adjourn till something has been done with them."

Mr. Metzger thinks that the Massillon hospital will be liberally treated. "It won't get $375,000," he remarked, "and I don't think the hospital authorities expect that much. Most of the institutions ask for from 15 to 40 per cent more than they expect, thinking to thus prepare for the cutting that is inevitable. But the insane hospitals will need a great deal of money during the next few years. After June 1 of next year the keeping of insane in county infirmaries will be prohibited, and places must be afforded for the care and treatment of the unfortunates that now crowd these county institutions."

The Beal local option law, though it is not entirely as Mr. Metzger would have had it, nevertheless, he says, has many good features. "In towns of over 5,000 population," said he, "the law can be put into effect. The ward feature has been eliminated entirely and now before the local option election can be held a petition for the election must be signed by 40 per cent of the voters of the entire city. I believe that it is better that this figure should be at 40 per cent than at 25 per cent, because 40 per cent of the voters means that fewer useless elections will be held. If 40 per cent of the voters can be gotten to sign the petition it is a fair indication that the election will not be in vain."

The two-cent-a-mile bill, Mr. Metzger believes would likely pass the House. He does not expect that it will ever be reported by the committee however.

Humberger's

The Sale of - - -

FANCY SILKS

Will continue for the balance of the week. The beautiful designs and excellent quality, are fully appreciated—and the very low price, 79c will soon close the lot.

We also offer this week, some special values in

WASH FABRICS.

Another case of Mercerized Madras regular 25c quality we are selling at 18c.

Very late styles of Lawns and Dimities from 12½c to 25c a yard.

Special Prices on Suits and Skirts for Easter.

HUMBERGERS'.

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

OUR WALL PAPER SALE

Is Proving a Grand Success. Nothing Cheap About These Papers but the Price

1c, 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c Per Roll.

Bahney's Wall Paper Store,

20 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

SPECIALS

Sauer Kraut, per lb	3c
Navy Beans, per qt	6c
Lima Beans, per lb	7c
Green Peas, per qt	6c
Vinegar, per gal	15c
Royal Baking Powder, per lb	40c
Cleveland Baking Powder, per lb	40c

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JAMES K. JONES' SEAT

In the U S. Senate, Under Contest In the State of Arkansas, Today.

CLARKE JONES' OPPONENT.

Both Sides Claim They'll Win—International Nomination a Sharp Bone of Contention—Voters Also Select Congressional Nominees.

Little Rock, Ark., March 29.—The most eventful campaign in Arkansas Democratic annals since 1874 closed last night, and to-day each of the 75 counties will hold a primary election to determine its choice for United States senator and state and county officers. Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Former Governor James P. Clarke, Democratic national committeeman for Arkansas, are rival candidates for the United States Senate, and each has made a thorough canvas. The direct vote in the primary elections will govern Democratic members of the Legislature, at which Senator Jones' successor will be chosen next January.

Besides the spirited contest for United States senator the gubernatorial nomination is a sharp bone of contention with Governor Jefferson Davis contending for a second term against F. W. Rector, a son of the famous war governor of Arkansas. In each of the seven congressional districts the voters will select a nominees for Congress.

THREE DEAD; 11 INJURED.

Ghastly Result of a Head-On Collision of Electric Cars Near Joliet, Ill.

Joliet, Ill., March 29.—Three dead and seven injured is the result of a collision near Sag Bridge, on the Joliet & Chicago Electric railroad yesterday, which was the worst in the history of the line.

The Dead.

John C. Mau, Motorman of Joliet.

George Barrett, of Lockport, electrician in the employ of the Economic Light and Power Company.

J. H. Hurley, conductor, Joliet, who died afterward.

Mau leaves a wife and child.

The Injured.

Sam Spencer, workman, Lemont; breast crushed, arms and legs cut; may die.

Mike McLaughlin, motorman, Joliet, right leg crushed; amputated.

John Flavin, workman, Lockport.

John Rinn, workman, Lockport.

John Wolf, Joliet, employe of Street Railway Company.

Dennis Murphy, workman, Lockport.

Fred Mitz, Lemont.

Unknown passenger on car.

Eugene Gaylord, workman, Lockport.

Patrick Dougherty, workman.

C. M. Coon, conductor, Lockport.

Some of them are in a serious condition. There may be more fatalities.

The wreck was the result of a head on collision beteen two cars going at a rapid speed. A dense fog prevented the motorman from seeing a head The wreck occured near Sag bridge, about 20 miles from Joliet.

The cars came together with terrific force and were piled in chaotic state. The scene of the accident is the same spot where a terrible wreck occured on the Chicago and Alton road 29 years ago when over a score were killed

CROWLEY'S FRIENDS WARNED.

Any Priest Who Helps Him Will Thus Suspend Himself.

Chicago, March 29.—An official letter was sent to every Catholic priest in Chicago yesterday by Archbishop Feehan, saying:

"We hereby notify you that the Rev. Jeremiah J. Crowley, whose public acts and utterances have given grave scandal to the detriment of religion, is in open rebellion to legitimate ecclesiastical authority, therefore any priest of the diocese of Chicago who assists him by moral or financial aid or offers him encouragement of any kind whatsoever is ipso facto suspended."

The letter is signed by the archbishop and by Chancellor F. J. Barry.

A New Plant for Jeannette.

Jeannette, Pa., March 29.—The Pennsylvania Rubber Company, now at Erie, has sent plans and specifications for the erection of a new plant here. The building is to be 300 feet long and 200 wide. The main part will be three stories high. It will be a brick and stone structure, and the interior will be constructed on the slow combustion plan. In the windows about 10,000 squares of glass will be used. It will cost about $100,000. Pennsylvania railroad engineers have begun to survey the sidings.

Reprieved Man Lynched.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 29.—Charles Woodward, who was sentenced to be hanged at Casper, Wyo., yesterday for the murder of Sheriff Ricker, but in whose behalf a stay of execution was issued by the supreme court last Tuesday, was lynched at Casper Thursday night.

EXCELLED PREVIOUS SEASONS

So Dun's Review Says of Distribution of Merchandise—Some Features of Week in Business.

New York, March 29.—R. G. Dun's Weekly Review of Trade issued today said in part:

Favorable weather greatly facilitated eastern retail trade, the volume of transactions in all lines of wearing [illegible] being of exceptional magnitude. Activity was by no means restricted to the specialties, however, the general distribution of merchandise exceeding that of previous seasons, with prices well maintained. A distinct evidence of the vigor of legitimate trade is found in the decline of only 21.4 per cent in bank exchanges at New York, notwithstanding the fact that transactions at the stock exchange were not more than a third of those in the corresponding week last year, while at other leading cities clearings exhibited a gain of 9.8 per cent over last year and 31.5 per cent over 1899.

Demands for an eight-hour day after May 1 by the blast furnace men was the most disturbing feature in the iron and steel industry, and this is not causing much alarm, as an agreement will probably be reached during the intervening month. Production is now beyond all previous records, and the movement of coke is ample, although the early opening of lake navigation may withdraw some of the transporting facilities which cannot well be spared. Buying has been notably active in bars for implement makers, and producers have sold their entire output so far ahead that new business is not sought. Many plans for immediate structural work have been abandoned owing to the insufficient supply of available material. On the other hand there are reports of reselling contracts for all rails and other supplies by consumers who have secured larger deliveries than will be needed. The appearance of this speculative element would be ominous if quotations were more excessively inflated. Aside from the advance in bar iron at Pittsburgh to $1.80 and foundry iron at Chicago to $18.50 there are no important price changes. Southern furnace products having been decided to postpone the contemplated advance.

A severe reaction occurred in cotton due entirely to the excessive speculative purchases which made the market top heavy. A slight recovery in coffee from the bottom price must be attributed to aggressive option buying, as the statistical position is not improved. Brazil receipts exceeding last year's high record to date by over a third. A temporary reduction in refined sugar was quickly restored, as the market for raw grades became strong. Meats again advanced in the face of easier grain, a helpful influence being the largest single order ever placed for the British army.

Weakness appeared in the cereals early in the week, when there was a certain unanimity about encouraging weather reports and increased acreage. Subsequently there was partial recovery owing to less cheerful news from Kansas and Oklahoma, but the net result for the week was a decidedly lower range of prices. Wheat exports materially declined from the satisfactory record of 4,657,625 bushels last week to only 3,088,642 bushels this week, which compare with 3,936,832 bushels in the same week last year. There was a decrease in western receipts to 2,747,094 bushels, against 4,052,508 bushels a year ago, but the difference in arrivals of corn was less striking, 1,976,064 bushels, against 2,682,918 bushels a year ago. Atlantic shipments of the minor cereal were only 138,344 bushels, compared with 2,946,461 bushels in 1901. According to an analysis of the official returns by a Liverpool authority there will be only 13,000,000 bushels of wheat in this country at the close of the crop year, but the statement is based on exports for the last four months of half as much as the record breaking shipments of the preceding eight months, which is extremely improbable. A further alteration in the figures should be made to allow for the under estimate of the total crop.

Failures for the week numbered 205 in the United States, against 206 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 29 last year.

PRAYERS FOR PEACE.

Petitions to the Lord for Ending of War Offered in Great Britain and Pretoria.

London, March 29.—A "prayer for peace" was the only novel feature of the observance of Good Friday in Great Britain. The bishops of London, Rochester and St. Albans issued special appeals to their dioceses to unite in prayer, that both British and Boers be granted the temper of peacemakers, pointing out that similar prayers are being offered in the Dutch churches of Pretoria.

A Sunday atmosphere pervaded here. All the business was suspended and the churches and open-air resorts in the neighborhood of London were crowded. No newspapers were published, and every one who could leave town till April 1 had departed. The government offices were closed, and the war office had announced that even Lord Kitchener's dispatches will not be issued Sunday or Monday.

Denial for Himself and McKinley.

New York, March 29.—Wilbur C. Brown, partner of Abner McKinley, sent a letter to Chairman Dalzell, at Washington, regarding the Danish treaty charges, saying in part: "So far as these charges relate to Mr. Abner McKinley and myself, they are unqualifiedly maliciously false in every particular."

EVANS HAS RESIGNED.

President Said He Must Hold Office Until Successor Is Secured.

ALSO WAIT FOR PROMOTION.

Letter of the Commissioner of Pensions Made Public at White House Last Night—Also Statement of the President's Action.

Washington, March 29.—The letter from Hon. H. Clay Evans resigning the commissionship of pensions, together with an appended statement, was made public at the White House last night. It was dated March 2, and said in part:

"For some time I have been considering the question of resigning. It will son be five years since I assumed the duties of this office, and I now have the honor of tendering you my resignation as commissioner of pensions, and will thank you to accept the same at as early a date as may suit your convenience."

The statement appended to the letter was as follows:

"Mr. Evans some months ago verbally expressed his desire to resign, and finally put it in writing on March 15. The president, however, has told him that he will have to remain as commissioner, in the first place until his successor has been determined upon, and in the second place until there is some position to tender him which the president will regard as a promotion, and as a fitting reward for his excellent service in the department."

WILL GARFIELD ACCEPT?

President Favorably Disposed Toward George Everett Adams, if He Declines.

Washington, March 29.—Up to yesterday James R. Garfield has not indicated to the president his intention of accepting the place of civil service commissioner, which was tendered to him to succeed William A. Rodenberg, resigned. In the event that Mr. Garfield should finally conclude not to serve, it is said that the president is very favorably disposed toward George Everett Adams, of Chicago. Mr. Adams served four terms in Congress, and it is understood that his name was considered before the offer was made to Mr. Garfield.

CHRISTMAS IS EXPOSED.

His Attorney Indignant at Conduct of His Client.

New York, March 29.—Carl Fischer-Hansen, who was attorney for Walter Christmas the representative of the Danish government in the overtures for the purchase of the Danish West Indian islands in 1900, was indignant at the conduct of his client shown in his secret report to the Danish ministry, lately published.

"Ordinarily, legal etiquette," said he, "would prevent my speaking. But this report is so defamatory and outrageous that I feel justified in washing my hands of the whole affair."

Mr. Fischer-Hansen described the course of the Danish representative as it appeared to him. Christmas undertook, according to Mr. Fischer-Hansen, to start the sale of the islands for the Horring ministry. As far back as 1860 the sale had been almost consummated, but at the last moment this government had drawn back. Thus, Denmark could not make overtures, or do more than suggest that overtures would be acceptable This Christmas did. He conducted Secretary White, of the American embassy in London, to Copenhagen.

"At that point," said Mr. Fischer Hansen, "his services ended. The negotiations from there on were carried forward by the American minister in Denmark and the Danish minister at Washington.

"The Horring ministry, going out of existence in a few months, was succeeded by the Sehested ministry, to which Christmas made his secret report, setting forth the alleged obligations he was under to various Americans.

"This report was evidently made with the belief that it could never see the light. But its publication has shown its absurdity. I am quite sure Christmas never saw the men he mentions, and I believe the report was made for the purpose of personal gain."

WILL IGNORE CHARGES.

State Department Considers Them Unworthy of Notice.

Washington, March 29.—The state department will take no steps to bring to the attention of the Danish government the charges against the integrity of American statesmen preferred by Capt. Christmas and yesterday brought to the attention of the House of Representatives. The department regards the charges as unworthy its attention by reason of insufficient evidence and obvious error in statements of alleged facts. The department is perfectly aware also that the Danish government does not intend to pay one cent of the $500 000 claimed by Christmas as his commission, so that, of course, none of that money could be used to corrupt American statesmen and newspapers.

If You Could Look into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & CO., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

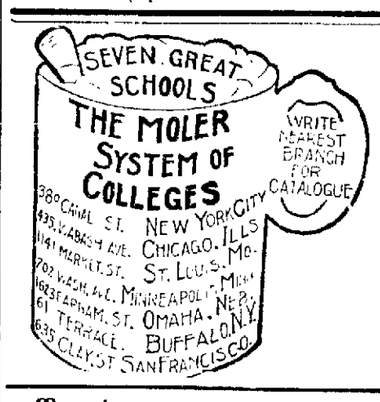
Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp Root.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439 N. WABASH AVE. CHICAGO. ILLS
1141 MARKET ST. ST. LOUIS. MO.
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Furniture Economy!

Consists in buying the best Furniture as well as in paying a small price. If you buy Furniture here you are not only sure of getting low price, but you know what you have bought. We know what every piece of furniture in our store is made of, and just how it is made, and we tell you all about it frankly.

Our FURNITURE Stock is certainly the largest shown in Massillon, and equal to any in the county. We will be pleased to quote you prices. You are always welcome at this store whether you purchase or not.

Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Etc.

This is the busiest department in Massillon today. There is a good solid reason for it. Better investigate. We show about 50 Rugs of all grades in room sizes.

Special sale of New Spring Stock of....

LACE CURTAINS

this week. Prices on strictly high grade curtains are a surprise to everybody.

WALL PAPER.

Our 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 cent papers are equal to any offered in the city. Our 6, 8, 10, 12½, 15, 18 and 20 cent papers cannot be duplicated in your city.

Above departments are all 1st floor; obliging salesmen in constant attendance. Walk right in!

Save you money on Stoves, Dishes, Silverware and Cut Glass.

GO-CARTS.

Some 75 patterns, including the Famous Heywood, Whitney, etc. Prices are the lowest ever named. See this line before buying.

Patrons of Mail Order and out of town houses will do well to consult with us. Very often we can give you lower prices and we guarantee much better values.

BENEDICT'S

NEW STORE. COR. ERIE AND TREMONT.

Complete Home Outfitter.

We are

Making Prices

to sell

Every Roll

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WALL PAPER

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Price is No Object

They Must All Go

BAHNEY'S.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independen Investigators.

A marriage license has been granted to Louis Studer and Mary Walters, of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Davis have been called to Sharon by the death of their nephew, James Jones.

Burglars robbed the bank at Wellington, O., Wednesday night. They secured 1,000 pennies dated 1901. Massillon police were not notified of the robbery till Thursday evening.

Earl Porter, of Canal Fulton, well known in Massillon, is dangerously ill at New Orleans A telephone announcing this fact has been received by his father, Henry Porter, of Canal Fulton.

The state board of arbitration is still in Alliance, making every effort to effect a settlement of the strike at the Morgan Engineering works and strong hopes are entertained that the union machinists will soon resume work.

Tickets for the Charity ball to be given by the Aultman hospital flower mission in Canton, next Tuesday evening, can be obtained from Mrs. R. B. Dimon. If a sufficient number of tickets are sold in Massillon a special car on the interurban road will be engaged for that evening.

The night engineers on the Lorain Steel Company's switch engines have gone out on a strike on account of a grievance against one of the switchmen, whom they want discharged. Yard conductors and employes were put in the strikers' places and work has not been delayed.

Another test of Canal Fulton's rebuilt fire engine was made by an engineer from the works that did the rebuilding. The machinery proved satisfactory to the town officials. The defects that made the engine work badly when the last test was made by George Kinne, of this city, have been remedied.

Christian Kropf, aged 61 years, proprietor of the ale brewery near Richville, died at 12 o'clock Thursday night. Mr. Kropf has been suffering for the past year from a complication of diseases, brought on by an attack of grip. A wife and six children survive him. The funeral will be held at 1:30 Sunday afternoon from Eden church.

Ensign Bagley council, Jr. O. U. A. M., will give the first dance in its history in Burd's hall April 8. The council intends making the occasion a memorable one in social annals, and arranging of the elaborate details is in the hands of a committee composed of Thomas McGuire, C. V. Howald, Kent Doll, Charles Kratz, Sherman Killen and T. A. Moorehead.

The body of an unknown man, having in his pocket a postal card addressed to Charles Carlin, 226 Duff street, Pittsburg, was found in the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railroad yards at Akron Thursday morning. He had been killed by a train, the body being considerably mangled. The man was neatly dressed, about 35 years old, and had light brown hair and smooth face.

The mine stationary engineers' of the district will meet at East Greenville, April 6. A meeting was to have been held Thursday evening, but the weather prevented the desired large attendance. The purpose of the meeting will be the receiving of the report of the officers who represented them at the recent wage conference, and to take steps to disband their separate organization and affiliate individually with the United Mine Workers.

John Kiefer, of Warwick, and Edward Conklin, of this city, were driving to Pauls, Thursday night, when their horse ran into a fence, wrenched itself free from the carriage and ran to Massillon, leaving Kiefer and Conklin and a badly damaged buggy behind. The horse, which belongs to Liveryman Keller, was not injured. Conklin says it was so dark that they could not see where they were driving.

The Independent is requested to repeat a notice published some time ago to the effect that beginning April 1 the public library will close every afternoon at 5 o'clock and reopen at 6:30 in order to accommodate patrons who desire to exchange their books early in the evening. At present the library closes in the afternoon at 5:30, and reopens at 7. The other opening and closing hours will remain unchanged.

Massillon parties who hold leases on coal lands west of town were in Dalton Tuesday, and report is current that a mine will be opened on the Westheffer farm in the near future. In fact the statement is made that a shaft, which will reach the coal at a depth of seventy feet, will be put down at once. Considerable prospecting for coal which we understand has been successful, has been done this winter in the territory west and north of town, and that a large body of good coal is available seems assured. This with the mine already opened bids fair to boom the coal business in the Dalton district.—Dalton Gazette.

THE "BEE HIVE'S" GRAND OPENING.

All Former Events of the Kind Surpassed.

THE GREAT STORE CROWDED.

From 8,000 to 10,000 Persons Visit the Allman & Putman Company's Store on Wednesday Evening — Canton, Navarre and Neighboring Towns Largely Represented.

The opening at The Allman & Putman Company's large department store in West Main street, Wednesday night, was attended by what was undoubtedly the largest number of visitors ever gathered in Massillon for a similar purpose. Conservative estimates place the number of people present during the evening at 7,000. Mr. Putman thinks there were fully 8,000 if not 10,000. He says: "We had upwards of four thousand souvenirs to be presented to the visitors. At 8:30 the entire bunch was gone and the crowd had just begun coming."

Promptly at 7:30 the Massillon Military band began a series of selections from in front of the store, the doors were thrown open, and the hundreds who had gathered in front began their tour of inspection. From this time until 10 o'clock the people poured in in a continual stream through the front entrance. Several policemen and the "Bee Hive" employes were present to handle the crowd.

The decoration of the east window was a beautiful sight. Frank B. Cleaver had spent the better part of three days on the preparation of this pretty Easter scene. Seeing the Easter scene at the painting exhibition in Buffalo, he had worked out the idea as presented in the window Wednesday night. All three floors had been decorated with flowers, palms, etc., and presented a gorgeous appearance. In the ladies reception room, between the first and second floors, the opera house orchestra rendered many selections.

It seemed as though all Massillon was present to view the large stock of spring goods, and the many new designs in Easter head wear, ladies' fancy shirt waists, silks, etc., commanded much attention.

Massillonians may well feel proud of the size and completeness of this store. Nothing its equal is to be found in any of the surrounding towns, and few in the entire state. While not having the number of departments which are to be found in the large Cleveland stores, it is safe to say that those of the Bee Hive are as complete as those of the big stores of Cleveland. The exhibition of carpets, rugs, draperies, etc., on the third floor, was very complete, and the tasty manner in which they were hung and arranged elicited much favorable comment from the visitors. Charles Wagoner has charge of this department and showed a large stock of Wiltons, Axminsters, velvet and Brussels carpets. A very convenient arrangement for the display of ingrain carpets is shown on this floor. The carpets are rolled upon large spools, which dispenses with much hard work after exhibiting to purchasers.

The ladies' tailor-made cloak department on the second floor was the center of interest for the ladies, an excellent line of fancy dress skirts, shirt waists, long silk coats, etc., being shown by Mrs. Bullock, who has charge of this department.

The hat department, with the exhibition of Easter bonnets, etc., came in for its share of approval.

In addition to the thousands of carnations, some five hundred leather match boxes were distributed among the male visitors.

Mr. Putman, in speaking of the opening, said: "While a spring opening is a good thing from a business standpoint, I doubt if I would be able to survive the pushing, crowding and inconvenience of a second. Still, we want Massillon and Canton people to see what we have in our line, and a spring opening affords about the only opportunity. We have laid in an unusually complete stock this spring and feel that local purchasers will not find it necessary now to go to Cleveland."

Many people were present from Canton, Navarre and other neighboring towns.

GET THE HALF HOLIDAY.

The employes of the Russell Engine Company have been granted a Saturday half holiday, and they are enjoying the first today. The petitions for the half holiday were presented to the company a week ago. The employes of Russell & Company are working a full day as usual.

CARRY PASSENGERS.

New West Lebanon Road Ready for Traffic.

BELONGS TO PENNSYLVANIA.

The Line Has an Interesting History—Men Who Built it Were Paid in Script—Extends Through the Coal Field—A Station Being Erected.

West Lebanon, March 28.—It is believed that the running of passenger trains on the new Camp railway will be commenced next month. A small building, to be used as waiting room, ticket office and freight office, has been erected at the terminus of the road here. This railway was constructed originally by H. B. Camp, of Akron, but was afterward purchased by the Pennsylvania Company, and made a part of the C.,& A. C. railway. The line extends from Applecreek to this place. It is not thought that the road will be extended any farther south. At one time it was thought that the purpose of the line was to run south to connect with the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway.

The road has a remarkable history. Though but a few miles long it has been building for many years. Money was scarce when Mr. Camp began this work, and he adopted the plan of paying in scrip, which was accepted as money in stores in Akron. The men grew tired of this plan after a while, however, and refusing to work, for a long time there was little done on the road. The road is built through the heart of the new coal field, whose tapping was the purpose of its being constructed.

NEARBY TOWNS.

WEST LEBANON.

West Lebanon, March 28.—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Shanklin, twin daughters.

Milo Yoder, who has been ill with lung trouble for a number of weeks, is improving very slowly. The family expect to move to Lodi next week.

Ed. Penman, who has been boss at No. 4 coal mine, for the Elm Run Coal Company, expects to commence working for the West Lebanon Company next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Amiel Cornell moved to the McFarren farm on Tuesday.

BEACH CITY.

Beach City, March 28.—Theodore Schug, of Port Washington, returned home Monday, after a visit with his sisters at Frank Schlafley's.

The Christian Endeavor society will hold an egg social tonight at the opera house

The Boston Stars gave the last number of the Union Lecture Course Saturday evening to a full house. It was pronounced exceptionally fine.

The contest for marshal of the village is growing interesting. The contestants are Theodore Staam and John Meyers.

Prof. Wingate will deliver the class address to graduates at Dundee on April 30.

The contest for clerk of township will be spirited. Walter Winfield and James Crise are the contestants.

Mr. Derfer, of near Trail, has moved into his new home in Ray street.

Mrs. T. C. Putman, who has been in poor health most of the winter, is able to call on friends in town.

The Rev. Mr. Moyer will deliver a special Easter sermon next Sunday evening in the M. E. church.

Miss Alice Pairs, a music teacher, from Bakersville, is about to take up her residence here preparatory to following her profession.

BEACH CITY.

Beach City, March 29.—Merchants are having a little war on sales. "Bargain days" are very popular with those who buy.

The Beach City band expects to have new uniforms before long.

Several members of the U. B. church are in Ashland attending a missionary meeting.

The Christian Endeavor Society held an egg social in the opera house last Wednesday evening.

Mr. Stewart, the receiver for the Tuscarora Rubber works, has been in town for several days.

It is rumored that architects have presented plans for construction of a large hotel in Beach City, and that a brick business block will be erected shortly.

George Resh is announce as an independent candidate for marshal.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, March 29—Messrs. James, Rosche, Berrar and Leonard, who recently left for the West, have arrived at Seattle, Wash. Frank Leonard, in a letter to his parents, briefly described their journey as follows: "We reached Seattle after a delay of several days in Minnesota and Dakotas. While enroute we saw some of the grandest and most picturesque scenery this country only can produce. Beautiful beyond all description. We passed through tunnels two miles in length, saw millions of acres of forest trees and plains. Could see Mt. Hood and Mt. Everest, one hundred and fifty miles away, before crossing them and other mountains. We are all in good spirits."

SHE NEVER AWOKE.

Mrs. Cora E. Hallock Passes Away in Sleep.

HER DEATH IS UNEXPECTED.

Mrs. Hallock Had Been Confined to Her Bed, but Her Family Believed She Would Soon be Well — Conversed Cheerfully Friday Evening—Funeral Monday Afternoon—Death of Mrs. Rosana Kerstetter.

Mrs. Cora E. Hallock, wife of Dr. Albert A. Hallock, died at the Hallock residence, 126 East Cherry street, at 5 o'clock Saturday morning. Mrs. Hallock had been suffering all winter with trouble brought on by an attack of winter cholera. Monday she took to her bed complaining of heart trouble. Wednesday she began to improve and Thursday and Friday was feeling in the best of spirits although still confined to her bed, and Dr. Hallock had every reason to believe that she would be up in a few days. Friday evening, after a cheerful conversation with the Doctor and her sister, Mrs. F. M. Clay, of Brecksville, she went to sleep, apparently very much improved in her condition. She never awoke. At 5 o'clock Saturday morning a fainting spell seized her and she passed away without awakening.

Mrs. Hallock leaves two children, Lucille, aged twelve, and Frank aged four years. Mrs. Hallock is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bradley, of East Main street. She was a member of the Protected Home Circle, and was organist of the Christian church, of which she was a member. The Rev. L. C. Cooley, of Cleveland, will conduct the funeral services, assisted by the Rev. George Darsie, pastor of the Christian church. The services will be held at the home in East Cherry street at 2:30 Monday afternoon. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

MRS. ROSANA KERSTETTER.

The death of Mrs. Rosana Kerstetter occurred Saturday morning at 9:25, aged 82, at the family residence in West Main street. Mrs. Kerstetter has been troubled for the past four years with cancer of the breast and for the last year has been confined to her bed. Dr. S. P. Barnes was the attending physician. The following children survive her: Peter B., David W., and Mrs. Matilda C. Hardgrove, all of this city. Funeral services will be held Monday afternoon from the Baptist church and interment will take place in the family lot in the Massillon cemetery.

TURKS PREPARE FOR WAR.

Ninety Thousand Troops Are Called Out.

Sofia, Bulgaria, March 29.— One hundred and fifty Turkish troops attacked a Bulgarian post near Saratach yesterday. One Bulgarian was killed and several were wounded. The Bulgarian garrison is being reinforced by two companies of soldiers.

The Turkish government has called into active service 90,000 irregular troops The mobilization is ostensibly for the annual maneuvers, but it is believed to have some connection with the insurrection in Macedonia.

OPPOSITION INCREASES.

Ratification of Treaty is in Peril.

Copenhagen, March 29—The influence of the party opposed to the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States has increased. It is almost certain that the Landsthing, if it does not reject the treaty with the United States, will pursue an effective policy of obstruction.

RACE HORSES BURNED.

Detroit, March 29.—Sixteen trotters and pacers, worth thirty thousand dollars, perished today. Among them was Red Royal, Harry P, The King, Maiden Queen and Moneo. The training stable of Frank Colby, at Highland park, burned.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned have been duly appointed executors of the estate of David Erb, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 26th day of March, 1902.

HENRY J. ERB,
JOHN S. ERB,
Executors.

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

The Leading Specialists of America. 25 Years in Ohio. Bank References.

No Names Used Without Written Consent.

VARICOCELE NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED.

If you have transgressed against the laws of nature, you must suffer. Self abuse, later excesses and private diseases have wrecked thousands of promising lives. Treat with scientific physicians and be cured. Avoid quacks. E. A. Sidney, of Toledo, says: "At the age of 14, I learned a bad habit and at 19 contracted a serious disease. I treated with a dozen doctors, who all promised to cure me. They got my money and I still had the disease. I had given up hope when a friend advised me to consult Drs. K. & K., who had cured him. Without any confidence I called on them, and Dr. Kennedy agreed to cure me or no pay. After taking the New Method Treatment for six weeks I felt like a new man. The drains ceased, wormy veins disappeared, nerves grew stronger, hair stopped falling out, urine became clear and my sexual organs vitalized. I was entirely cured by Dr. Kennedy and recommend him from the bottom of my heart."

We Treat and Cure Syphilis, Gleet, Varicocele, Emissions, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges, Seminal Weakness, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. Call or write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. NO CURE, NO PAY.

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247 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

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INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

AGENT—By an old established firm, an agent to sell their teas, coffees, baking powder, spices, etc.; a man of energy and ability will receive every encouragement and be liberally compensated. For full particulars apply to The Union Pacific Tea Co., No. 202 South Fourth st., Columbus, O.

GIRL—Competent girl for general housework. Permanent place for right party. Call or address 119 W. Main St., Massillon, O

GIRL—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. N W. Culbertson. 76 E. Main st.

GIRLS — Two girls at American Steam Laundry at once.

GIRL—For general housework. Apply at Mrs. James H. McLain. 187 E. South st.

GIRLS—Apprentice girls in the millinery department at the Bee Hive. Apply at once.

MEN—To learn barber trade: thoroughly practical training by free clinic; expert instructions, demonstrations, etc.; only two months required: positions guaranteed; tools presented: wages Saturdays; diplomas granted; catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — Faithful Manager to take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Massillon to further business interests of old-established manufacturing concern: salary, $125 per month and extra profits; applicant must furnish good reference and have $800 cash. Address Manager, P O. Box 1421. Philadelphia, Pa

FOR RENT.

A Furnished room with all conveniences. Inquire at 133 E. Oak street.

FIVE rooms and bath on first floor. Inquire 131 E. Main street.

HOUSE—Five rooms; suitable for light housekeeping. App'y 233 E. Oak st.

HOUSE—Large modern house, cor. North and High sts. W. E. N. Hemperly. over 14 S. Erie st.

ROOMS—Three. Inquire 141 Green st.

ROOM—Desirable room above Schworms' grocery; $3 per month. Inquire at Independent office.

ROOM—Business room, No. 7 Canal st. Inquire of J. D Wetter, No. 21 E. Main st.

SIX roomed house, all modern conveniences, also two rooms with modern improvements suitable for two gentlemen or lady and gentleman. Inquire 65 Plum st.

STORE ROOM—In Sibila block, No. 22 E. Charles st., formerly occupied by Light, Heat & Power Co. O. C. Volkmor. No. 10 S. Erie st.

STORE ROOM—New: 60x20; centrally located in East Greenville; suitable for any kind of business. Address John Boyd, East Greenville, O.

LOST.

POCKETBOOK — A ladies' small black pocketbook, containing $79. Finder please leave with the clerk of Massillon Hotel and receive reward.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CARPET cleaning and renovating; goods called for and delivered; work done promptly and neatly. Call or address John Heisler, Massillon, O. Bell 'phone 124.

MASSILLON Storage Co., furniture, pianos, etc., stored, N. Erie st., next to New Armory; U. S. 'phone, 334. Massillon.

FOR SALE.

FOUR LOTS on Borden Ave., from $200 to $225. C. V. Hammersmith, 23 E. Main St.

HORSE AND BUGGY—Inquire Rinehart Hintz, Richville road, 2 miles from town.

HORSES—Any kind of a horse you want. West Side Livery, Wm. Bantz, Prop.

HOUSE—Eight room house and lot 117 S. East st. Inquire at premises.

HOUSE—Brick dwelling on North East st., nine rooms, every modern convenience; easy terms. Call on H. C. Brown or J. J Pitts.

FOR SALE.

A BAUSCH & LOMB investigator microscope in prime condition, one-fifth and ⅔ objectives. Two eye pieces. Inquire at Independent office or address Lock B x 90.

A FEW of last season's new buggies and harness at cost to make room for new spring stock. J. B. Schrader, 41 N. Erie st.

BOOKCASE — Black walnut: ebony hat rack, lounge and gilt edge washing machine: all new. Call on H. C. Brown, 62 North East st.

HOUSE—Five rooms, lot 66x150, Columbian Heights; convenient to railroad yards and shops Inquire of P. L. Hunt.

HOUSE—Seven rooms, lot 60x100; gas and city water. Inquire 68 N. High st.

HOUSE—No. 72 East Oak st., and 5-roomed house, No. 211 Duncan st., are for sale; both properties are in good order; also a cheap 5-roomed house, No. 39 Bucher st. Henry Lantz.

HOUSE - Nice 7-roomed house on East Cherry st., $2,650; the Shauff house on North st. (lately remodeled), bath, $2,400; the Schr der property on Front st., $2,500. S Burd, over No. 7 East Main st.

HOUSE - New 6-roomed house on North East st., reception hall, bath room, gas furnace, cement cellar, sewer and flag walks; for a short time only at $2,600; possession immediately. S. Burd, over No. 7 East Main st.

HOUSE—The F. W. Adams' house on Wellman st., 7 rooms and bath; splendid location; first house west of Cedar st., for a short time only at $3,300. S. Burd, s. w. cor. Main and Erie.

HOUSE—Dwelling on Thorne st.; city and cistern water and barn H. C. Brown.

HOUSE—10 rooms with a very desirable lot, corner of North and Center streets, will be sold at a bargain, and on ease payments. Inquire of Anthony Howells.

HOUSE—A 6-roomed cottage house on the Canton road, about half mile from car barn; house is well built, has a stone cellar and furnace; large lot, with lots of fruit; possession April 1; price $2,000. S. Burd, cor Main and Erie sts.

HOUSE—New 4-roomed house on Wood st., near new school house, lot 50x138; price $1,050; $250 cash, balance $8 a month; also 4 houses on Duncan st., from $1,200 to $1,400. S. Burd, cor. Main and Erie sts.

HOUSE AND LOT—Five rooms; city and cistern water, has gas throughout, fruit and shade trees; possession given April 1st. Apply P J. Hughes, 243 East Oak street.

LAND—Ten acres of good farm land, located 2½ miles east of Massillon on Inter Urban line; has good well and orchard; 300 feet frontage; will sell cheap if taken soon, or will exchange for property located in Massillon. Address Charles E. Brown, 62 Hill st., Massillon, O.

PIANOS — A fine 7⅓ octave mahogany piano, has been out six months, $140; two new Kelier & Co pianos, were damaged in shipping, must be sold in ten days to settle claim. Meuser Bros., next to New Armory.

PROPERTY—Occupied by C A. Conrad, 265 E. Main st., sold subject to lease held by Mr. Conrad, expires April 1st, 1903; price $7,000; two good lots on Wood st., price $200, if sold soon; for sale or rent, brick house 176 W. Main st.; house and lot, 80 ft. front, on Wooster st., price $800, and many other good lots in different parts of the city. For particulars call on Wm. A. Pietzcker, No. 179 West Main st.

SEVEN roomed house, furnace, gas, city and cistern water, abundance of fruit; easier terms than paying rent. Inquire of Dr. Kirkland.

MONEY TO LOAN—CHATTELS.

We Loan Money
On your Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Etc.,
ON EASY TERMS
WITHOUT DELAY
Business Confidential
Without Publicity.
MILLER & MILLER,
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has commenced with a rush. We have prepared for this by adding to our facilities for getting out

MILL WORK.

Send in your orders and we will fill them without delay.

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